

Ending homelessness in Brisbane one person, one family at a time

Campaign Outcomes 2014 - 2017

500 Lives 500 Homes is a community-wide collaborative effort to break the cycle of homelessness for families, young people and adults in Brisbane. The campaign began with a community-wide Registry Fortnight in March-April 2014, where we undertook to know each person who was homeless by name and survey their individual health, housing and support needs.

Findings and Outcomes for Adult Individuals

We surveyed

adult individuals in Brisbane

We know by name...









Who is homeless Their health needs

Their housing needs Their support needs

Of those surveyed...



28% identified as female



71% identified as male



identified as transgender, intersex or x



46% were sleeping rough



20% identified as Indigenous



identified as lesbian, gay, bisexual or unsure



Average age was 43 Vears and average time homeless was 4.3 Vears

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The following data was collected during the 500 Lives 500 Homes campaign conducted from March 2014 - March 2017.

The data is based on 1467 individuals aged 25 years or over surveyed using the Vulnerability Index-Service Prioritisation Decision Assistance Tool (VI-SPDAT).

Prioritising and Matching

The VI-SPDAT enables needs to be determined using an acuity scale, which in turn enables us to appropriately triage for services that match those needs.



- Housing and long-term support (High Acuity)
- Housing and short-term support (Medium Acuity)
- Affordable Housing (Low Acuity)

Health Needs Snapshot

Serious and often co-occurring health conditions add to daily challenges faced by individuals experiencing homelessness.

Primary Health



30% Asthma



54% Dental **Problems**



24% Hepatitis C

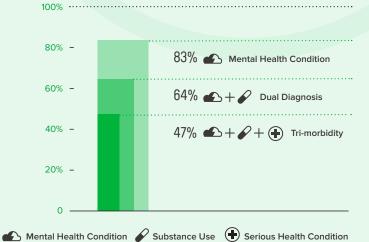


71% Substance

Mental Health



51% have experienced unresolved



Self-reported Emergency Services Usage by 1,467 Individuals

1,840 Hospitalisations 2,692 Ambulance Transports Presentations at Accident and Emergency 3,939

24,449 Interactions with Police



Indicative cost of homelessness to Queensland Systems

March 2014 - March 2017

\$23,607,603

Health

Criminal justice

\$17,666,496

\$5,941,107

Disability



30% Acquired Brain Injury



21% Limited Mobility

Institutional History



24% Out-of-home Care as a child



18% Youth Detention



73% Watchhouse



45% Prison

Inclusion and Community Support



55% No Meaningful Daily Activity



34% Harm to Self or Others



35% Unresolved Legal Issues



6.7% Veterans

Veterans represent less than 1% of the 2016 estimated resident population of the Brisbane Local Government Area, yet comprise 6.7% of this population group

Housing Affordability



45% Cannot meet weekly expenses



43% Receiving Disability Support Pension \$404.15/week



40% Receiving Newstart Allowance \$267.80/week

One-bedroom unit in Brisbane



\$360/week 89% of Disability Support Pension

One-bedroom unit in cheapest suburb



\$180/week

67% of Newstart Allowance

Public housing



\$101/week

25% of Disability Support Pension

\$67/week

25% of Newstart Allowance

Sources

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20% reduction in homelessness

for adult individuals surveyed through the 500 Lives 500 Homes campaign (2014–2017)

"Life is heaven. I have a key for my own place. A place I can truly call mine. If it rains I don't get wet. I can come and go whenever I want. And when I come home everything is still here. I absolutely love this place," Cookie.

Photography: Craig Holmes.

Homelessness is solvable

We must connect people experiencing homelessness with long-term housing as quickly as possible and with no preconditions. Known as Housing First, this approach has propelled campaign successes and forms the basis of a community-driven action plan to eliminate homelessness in the city of Brisbane. (See Housing First: A roadmap for ending homelessness in Brisbane at micahprojects.org.au/resources/publications)



Access to suitable and permanent housing





Support matched to personal circumstances





287 adult individuals permanently housed through the 500 Lives 500 Homes campaign (2014-2017)

Ending Homelessness...

involves...

Preventing first time or episodic homelessness

Responding to crises as they occur in the shortest possible time

3.

Sustaining tenancies

by using 5 strategies...

1.

Implement coordinated entry system

3.

Line up supply

Keep people

5.

Integrate health

across the full life course.

Antenatal

Know who's there

and what they need

Infancy and **Parenting**

Childhood

Youth

Adulthood

Old Age

For more information on how you can be a part of Brisbane's Housing First journey, contact Micah Projects: karyn.walsh@micahprojects.org.au

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